

Assessing The Impact of Mobile Learning Applications on Higher Education Outcomes in Rural India: A Case Study Approach

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Abstract. During the COVID period there is a sudden surge in the EdTech industry with new learning applications especially in the higher education. Penetration of the mobile technology in India strengthened usage of mobile learning applications in the higher education setting. In this regard this research study aims to investigate the impact of mobile learning applications on higher education outcomes in rural India. The study is focused on integration of mobile learning applications in higher education, usage and challenges. The study will address the disparities in the higher education outcomes in rural India. Case study approach is adopted to study the impact and integration of the mobile learning applications. The findings from the study will contribute in addressing the problems of technological advancements and overcoming the challenges in the integration process of mobile learning applications.

Keywords: EdTech, Mobile Learning Applications, Higher Education & Rural India.

1 Introduction:

Rapid growth of mobile technologies boosted the growth in the development of mobile based learning applications, and vice versa, the edtech industry is growing as the IT infrastructure is rooted in remote areas. The development of the mobile technologies changing the way student is learning in higher education. This change in the nature of learning boosted the service providers to develop rich digital content and started distributing it through mobile technologies helping the learner attain higher education outcomes. Engaging the learners using the technologies. Mobile technologies also facilitating the instructors and learners to learn anything at anytime within the institution or outside of the institution. Enhanced learning experience boosted the usage of the mobile learning applications.

According to E-Learning Market Report 2022-2027¹ India's e-learning market was valued at Rs.108.79 billion in 2021 and projected to touch at Rs.299.18 billion by 2027. After COVID the acceptance of mobile device for learning purpose is gaining acceptance among the learners as well as higher education institutions. According to Kantar ICUBE 2020² report the number of active internet users among the urban and rural is steadily growing. Out of the total population nearly 67 percent active internet users are from urban and 31 percent active internet users are from rural population. 91.11 percent students of computer science make use of internet followed by 50.47 percent of business and commerce students, 37.17 percent of general science students and 32.99 percent of social sciences and humanities students respectively.

2 Review of Literature:

[7] examined that mobile learning has significant positive effect on the learner achievement, behavior and positive attitude towards the mobile based learning in the under graduate students. Mobile learning projects to be integrated with the curriculum which will increase the engagement of the learner. The successes of the mobile learning applications depend on the learner's access to the content, device of the learner and usage of the technology (3). (2) in their research compared the mobile learning environment with elearning environment. The study found that learner swith android based mobile learning applications shown more interest as the device will be with learner, able to download all the materials and also user interface is very high.(4) investigated m-learning's effect and found the components like knowledge, belief, personalized learning, more enthusiastic in writing in mobile device, flexible learning, learning through mobile app, gamification and visually pleased videos were significantly higher than the students who are not using mlearning and also advised that instructors should consider the content, learning style, assessing outcome in designing the mobile learning environment. (6) identified the mobile learning app features like profile page, live chat, live interaction with instructor, community, sharing the content and self check learning

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78 M. Gundupagi et al.

helped the students to use mobile learning app.As mobile penetration is growing rapidly students are using social media as medium to contact their peer learners for feedback and support. Especially this behavior is observed in the language learners through mobile learning using their social media. Learners are showing more interest in networking and platform program. Through the social media the learners are updating themselves with new updates in their study field (10).[8] studied the impact of effectiveness of mobile learning app and found that learner's satis faction increased in the factors like ease of use, navigation and ability to retrieve the information from the app. Service quality has been considered as minor issue when it comes to app learning. Understanding the information, content reliability and relevance of the information developed the critical thinking abilities of the learner. The study also found that learner's satisfaction is very high in the case of reuse.[9] in their empirical study identified that behavioral intention is negatively influenced by Perceived Risk. This suggests the importance of keeping female students informed about the potential risks associated with using mobile apps for their studies. Additionally, the findings reveal that Perceived Value has an insignificant impact on Behavioral Intention, likely due to the predominant feedback from younger female students who may not be fully cognizant of cost-related issues. Learning through mobile app makes it a valuable tool to encourage motivation among rural Indian female students to incorporate mobile apps into their school studies.

From the above review of literature, it is found that effectiveness, improvement in the aca- demic performance is there by using the mobile learning applications and perceived risk is also high especially in the rural areas. As there is less research has been done on the effectiveness of mobile learning applications on learners, a modest attempt made to study the impact of mobile learning applications.

3 Research Objectives:

- To study the impact of mobile learning applications the following objectives framed
- To study the usage patterns of the learners
- · To identify the factors influencing the accessibility of mobile learning applications
- · To understand the effectiveness of mobile learning applications
- · To study the impact on academic performance of the learners

4 Research Methodology:

	Table 1.
Type of Research	Empirical Research
Type of Study	Survey Based
Data Collection	Primary & Secondary
Total Population	3198
Total Sample	343
Sample Location	Adoni
Sampling Technique	Convenience Sampling Technique
Research Instrument-	Questionnaire
Statistical Tools	Chi Square Test & Frequency Analysis.
Statistical Analysis	SPSS.

5 Discussion and Analysis:

From the above table it is clearly evident that majority of the samples are studying the under- graduate courses like degree and engineering courses. As there is only one distance education Centre is available and few working employees are studying in distance mode. Majority of the learners own smart phones and few students also own laptop especially the students from engineering discipline. Learners opined that majority of the times they use smart phone for learning needs and requirements. Simultaneously they are using lab in their respective college hours. Out of 343 students nearly 197 students are using mobile device every day for their learning and 67 students are using smart phone during the college hours. The usage patterns of smart phones in the for learning purpose is very high.

Usage Patterns	Particulars	Value	Total
	MBA	56	
Course you are	BTECH	99	
studying	Degree	112	343
	Diploma	76	
Are studying in	Yes	329	343
regular mode	No	14	515
From the follow-	Smart Phone	292	
ing select the digi-	Laptop	24	343
tal devices that you	Desktop	12	
have	Tablet	15	
Which digital de-	Smart Phone	292	343
vice vou use for	Laptop	24	
learning	Desktop	12	
5	Tablet	15	
Harry free arranting soon	Everyday	197	343
How frequently you	Once in a Week	24	
vice for learning	After college hours	43	
vice for rearining	During College Hours	67	
	Occasionally	12	

Table 2.	showing t	the usage	patterns	of the	learners

Source: Primary Data

6 HYPOTHESIS

To test the usage patterns the following hypothesis has been framed.

Ho: There is no significant association between the usage of device and frequency of usage of device in mobile learning applications

 H_1 : There is significant association between the usage of device and frequency usage of device in mobile learning applications.

Since the calculated value of X^2 is 415.44 is greater than the table value of X^2 is 5.226 at0.05 level of significance for 12 degrees of freedom and hence null hypothesis is rejected.

Chi-Square Tests			
	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	415.447 ^a	12	.000
Likelihood Ratio	253.527	12	.000
Linear-by-Linear Associa- tion	147.637	1	.000
N of Valid Cases	343		

Table 3. 12 cells (60.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is .91.

Source: Primary Data

6.1 Table showing factors influencing the accessibility of internet and mobile learning application

From the above table 4 it is clearly evident that 148 respondents use their existing data plan to access the mobile learning app. Few students they have the access in the home also through the broadband. In the remote villages nearby Adoni students are accessing the internet connectivity through AP Fibernet (Subsidized broadband provided by AP State Government). In the free hours students are using LAN (Local Area Network) connectivity in the college to access the mobile learning app. 186 students faced problems in the internet connectivity due to power cut and network issues at the time of usage of learning application. Low bandwidth is another problem identified through the study in accessing the mobile learning app as most of the learning apps required high bandwidth to access the high-quality video content. Though the students have not received any training on how to access the mobile learning app. Only few instructors have given demonstration on using the mobile learning application. Few learners are learning through tutorials of the app. As the usage of ICT based teaching is increased in the current education system even instructors are also encouraging to use mobile devices for better understanding of concepts. 246 respondents opined that they have been permitted to use mobile phones during the class hours. Awareness among the parents also increased, 245 learners opined that their parents agree to use mobile phones for learning.

6.2 Table showing effectiveness of mobile learning applications Source: Primary Data

Table 4.

Variable	Particular	Value	Total	
	Fiber Net	45		
	Broadband	31		
	WIFI in Home	36		
Access to Internet	WIFI in College	39	343	
	Lan Connectivity	4.4		
	in the college	44		
	My Plan	148		
Have you faced any prob-	Yes	186		
lems in access to internet connectivity	No	157	343	
	Low Bandwidth	45		
	Data Limit	189		
	Router Problem	4		
What kind of problems	Technical issues	9	2.42	
faced in access to internet	Service Provider	38	343	
connectivity	Power cut	43		
	Network Cover-	1.7		
	age	15		
Is your digital device is	Yes	343	2.42	
supported for Learning	No	0	343	
Have you received any	Yes	98		
training for accessing learn-	No	245	343	
ing through Internet	T ()	2.47		
	Instructor	247		
	Demo	0		
If yes please mention	Video Tutorials	29	343	
	Through friends	0		
	Self-Try	67		
In which language you ac-	English	321		
cess the learning	Regional Language	22	343	
	National Language	0		
Your instructor permits to	Yes	198		
use mobile for learning in the class	No	145	343	
How frequently you use	Frequently	246		
the digital device for learn-	Sometimes	0	343	
ing in the class	As per the instructor	97		
Your parents accepts the	Yes	245	242	
usage of mobile for learning	No	98	343	

Table 5.

Variable	Particular	Value	To- tal	
	Yes	228		
Did you find the content is rele-	No	98	343	
vant	Somewhat	17		
Whether the learning content is	Yes	46	2.42	
aligned with your syllabus	No	287	343	
	Very High	63		
	High	213		
The level of engagement in your	Moderate	67	343	
mobile learning	Low	0		
	Very Low	0		
Any facilitator, support desk in	Yes	45	2.12	
your mobile learning	No	298	343	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Very High	19		
	High	312		
Flexibility of accessing materials	Moderate	6	343	
	Low	6		
	Very Low	0		
	Very High	273		
	High	58		
User friendly	Moderate	6	343	
-	Low	6		
	Very Low	0		
A	Yes	244	242	
Availability of assessment	No	99	343	
Is student forum or online com-	Yes	272	242	
munity is there	No	71	343	
Do you interact with peer learn-	Yes	29	242	
ersN	No	314	343	
Learning helped in your academic	Very High	84	242	
performance	High	207	343	

Moderate	46	
Low	6	
Very Low	0	

From the above table 5 it is clearly evident that the factors like relevance of the content, engagement of the learner, user friendly, accessibility to support materials, assessment, presence of the online community and forums for peer learning and better academic performance helped the learners to use mobile based learning applications. Majority of the students expressed in mobile learning applications support from the instructor and support desk from the service provider is not available.

 Table 6. showing the usage of mobile learning application and its impact on academic performance

Variable	Particular	Value	Total	
	strongly agree	91		
Usage of learning through mo- biles helped in your subject	agree	218		
	Neither Agree nor Disagree	34	343	
matter	disagree	0		
	Strongly disagree	0		
	strongly agree	125		
	agree	218		
Improved scores	Neither Agree nor Disagree	0	343	
	disagree	0		
	Strongly disagree	0		
	strongly agree	124		
	agree	219		
Performed better in my class	Neither Agree nor Disagree	0	343	
	disagree	0		
	Strongly disagree	0		
Additional materials helped me to understand the concepts	strongly agree	90		
	agree	241		
	Neither Agree nor Disagree	0	343	
	disagree	12		

	strongly disagree	0	
	strongly agree	41	
	agree	232	
Able to submit my assignments in time	Neither Agree nor Disagree	70	343
	disagree	0	
	Strongly disagree	0	
	strongly agree	243	
	agree	69	
Able to complete the course	Neither Agree nor Disagree	28	343
	disagree	3	
	Strongly disagree	0	
	strongly agree	69	
	agree	274	
Tips and tricks and other inputs from peer community	Neither Agree nor Disagree	0	343
	disagree	0	
	Strongly disagree	0	
	strongly agree	127	
	agree	107	
Feedback helped me to correct myself	Neither Agree nor Disagree	109	343
	disagree	0	
	Strongly disagree	0	
	strongly agree	42	
	agree	212	
Overall academic performance	Neither Agree nor Disagree	89	343
	disagree	0	
	Strongly disa- gree	0	

Source: Primary Data

From the above table 6 it is evident that nearly 309 students agreed that mobile learning app's helped to increase the understanding of the subject matter. All the population selected for sample responded that there is an improvement in the scores and performed better in the class after using the mobile learning app. While learning through mobile app the service provider's support material for completing course helped the learners to complete the course easily. Access to forum community helped the learners to receive the tips and tricks in completing the course and also helped in improving their conceptual knowledge and able to submit the assignments in time. Overall the students opined that mobile learning has improved their academic performance.

7 Conclusion:

The impact of the penetration of the mobile technology and telecommunications infrastructure rapidly growing in the remote areas which boosted the edtech industry to develop mobile based learning applications. The usage of the ICT based teaching after COVID period is also drastically increased as the learners are habituated in learning through mobile devices. The studies found that majority of the undergraduates are using the mobile based learning applications. The study identified various factors like user interface, online forum, feedback mechanism, assessment, medium of language and content made the learners to learn from the mobile applications. By using the mobile learning applications learners improved their subject knowledge performed well in the class and improved their scores and grades. Mobile learning applications has positive impact on the learners in improving their academic performance even in the rural area due to the rapid development and penetration of telecommunications industry. However, the study found that in the rural area awareness is required among the parents as learners opined that their parents not agreed to use mobile for learning purpose. Another major challenge identified is the relevance of the content as majority of the learners opined that content in the learning application is not aligned with their subject's curriculum.

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